MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY, AJMER

पाठ्यक्रम

SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND COURSES OF STUDY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. Food Science and Nutrition

Semester I (w.e.f. 2019-20)

Semester II (w.e.f. 2019-20)

Semester III (w.e.f. 2020-21)

Semester IV (w.e.f. 2020-21)

Semester V (w.e.f. 2021-22)

Semester VI (w.e.f. 2021-22)





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NOTICE

1. Change in Statutes/Ordinances/Rules/
Regulations Syllabus and Books may, from
time to time, be made by amendment or
remaking, and a candidate shall, except in so
far as the University determines otherwise
comply with any change that applies to years
he has not completed at the time of change.

The decision taken by the Academic
Council shall be final.

सूचना

1. समय-समय पर संशोधन या पुन: निर्माण कर परिनियमों/ अध्यादेशों/नियमों / विनियमों / पाठ्यक्रमों व पुस्तकों में परिवर्तन किया जा सकता है, तथा किसी भी परिवर्तन को छात्र को मानना होगा बशर्तें कि विश्वविद्यालय ने अन्यथा प्रकार से उनको छूट न दी हो और छात्र ने उस परिवर्तन के पूर्व वर्ष पाठ्यक्रम को पूरा न किया हो। विद्या परिषद द्वारा लिये गये निर्णय अन्तिम होंगे।

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MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY Scheme of Examination of B. Sc. Food Science and Nutrition B. Sc. Part I (2019-2020)

SEM	Paper			Marks	Hrs. of	
	No.	Paper		Instruction/wk		
	Mari		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical
	1	Fundamental of Food and,	50	50	5	4
		Nutrition				17
	2	Human Physiology	50	50	5	4
	3	Socio Economic Analysis	50	. -	5	
		of Communities			-	
	4	Food Behaviour	50	(-)	5	107 51 <u>2</u> 0
	C L*	Hindi	50*	_	4	_
		Semester I Total	200	100	24	8
			300	32	7.63	u
П	5	Food Commodity and	50	50	5	4
		Preparation	2.57.07	2.44	3	-1
	6	Nutritional Management	50	50	5	4
		in Health and Disease	2.4.	- 50	-'	ч
	7	Human Nutrition	50		5	
	8	Community Resource	50	_	5	1. T.
		Management and Extension			_•	1-12
	C 2*	English	50*	-	4	
	NO SCHOOL ST	Semester II Total	200	100	and the sa	-
			300	32	24	8

NOTE:

MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY Scheme of Examination of B. Sc. Food Science and Nutrition B. Sc. Part II (2020-2021)

SEM	Paper No.	Nomenclature of Paper		Marks Ins	Hrs. of truction	/wk
			Theory			Practical
[]]	9	Food Microbiology,	50		5	- /
		Hygiene & Sanitation			•	
	10	Nutritional Biochemistry	50	50	5	4
	11	Nutrition through Life Cycle		50	5	4
	12	Problems in Human	50	20	5	-
		Nutrition	200		5	
	C3*	Environmental Studies	50*		4	
			200	100	24	8
		Total of Semester III	300	32	5.3	0
IV.	13	Diet Therapy I	50	50	5	5
	14	Community Nutrition	50	50	5	,
		100			5	
	15	Nutritional Assessment	50	50 .	5	5
		& Surveillance	- 1.		,	,

^{*}C1 and C2 are the compilsory papers

^{*} Marks of the compulsory papers will not be included in the aggregate. A candidate is only required to pass in these compulsory papers. (Pass percentage being 36%)

16	Food Science & Chemistry		100	5 2 0	10	
	Total of Semester IV	200 300	30	20	10	

NOTE:

*C3 is compulsory paper.

MAHARSHI DAYANAND SARASWATI UNIVERSITY Scheme of Examination of B. Sc. Food Science and Nutrition B. Sc. Part III (2021-2022)

SEM	Рарег	Nomenclature of	3.83	Marks	Hrs. of		
	No.	Paper	Instruction/wk				
			Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
V	17	Diet Therapy II	50	50	5 1	5	
	18	Institutional Food Service Management	50	50	5	5	
	19	Public Health and Epidemiology	50		5		
	20	Food Processing & Technology	50		5		
		reamoragy	200	100	20	10	
		Total of Semester V	300	30			
VI	21	Nutrition & Health Communication	50	50	5	5	
	22	Food Quality Control	50	50	5 5	5	
	23	Dietetic Techniques & Patient Counselling	50	•	5		
	24	Entrepreneurship	50		5		
		Management	200	100	20	10	
		Total of Semester VI GRAND TOTAL of B	300	30			

PROGRAMME OF STUDY:- The under graduate programme (B.sc Food Science & Nutrition) will be of 3 years duration with exams conducted according to the University semester scheme. The 3 years course will be divided into 6 semesters of 6 months duration each.

ELIGIBILITY:-10+2 in all streams with minimum 50% marks for General and 45% marks for SC/ST/OBC/SBC

SCHEME: - The scheme of examination with nomenclature of papers (Theory and Practical) for every semester, with marks and hours of instruction, are clearly mentioned in the syllabus. The minimum passing marks in individual papers for any semester excluding compulsory papers will be 40% and the aggregate pass marks for the semester will be 40%.C1, C2 and C3 are the compulsory papers. Marks of the compulsory papers will not be included in the aggregate. A candidate is only required to pass in these compulsory papers. (Pass percentage being 36%)

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INTERNALASSESMENT: - For every theory and practical paper 20% of the maximum marks will be awarded on the basis of internal assessment, Internal assessment will be based on:-

- a) Written tests (minimum two)- 10%
- b) Assignment/class presentation/group discussion/regularity in the class room-10%.

EXAMINATION:-

•

- a) Result: The minimum passing marks in individual papers for any semester will be 40% and the aggregate pass marks for semester will be 40%.
- b) Division: First division is awarded to candidates securing 60% marks in the aggregate or above; Second division is awarded to candidates securing 48% to 59.9%. Candidates securing less than 48% marks will be awarded Third Division and below 40% marks in the aggregate will be declared as Failed.
- c) Due Paper: candidates securing less than 40% marks in two papers in a single semester can reappear in that paper when the next exam of the Semester Scheme is held.

SEMESTER I Paper I FUNDAMENTALS OF FOOD AND NUT & TION

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment: 10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C:(24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks)

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- Understand the functions of food and the role of various nutrients, the requirements and the effects of deficiency and excess (in brief).
- Learn about the structure, composition, nutritional contribution and selection of different food stuff.
- Be familiar with different method of cooking, their advantages and disadvantages.
- 4. Develop an ability to improve the nutritional quality of food.

[•] Marks of the compulsory paper will not be included in the aggregate. A candidate is only required to pass in these compulsory papers. (Pass percentage being 36%)

Content:

CAGCI

- 1. Concept of Nutrition
- 2. Functions of Food.
- Basic Terminology used in Food Preparation.
- 4. Nutrients Macro and Micro Nutrients.
 - a) Classification, sources, functions, RDA, Deficiency and excess. (in brief)
 - i, Energy
 - ii. Carbohydrate
 - iii. Fat
 - iv. Protein
 - v. Water
 - vi. Fibre
 - b) Vitamins and minerals

UNITII

- 5. Food Production (in brief), Food Composition, Structure, Nutritional Contribution and Selection Factors for the following
 - a) Cereals and Millets
 - b) Pulses
 - c) Fruits and Vegetables
 - d) Milk and Milk Products
 - e) Nuts and Oil Seeds.
 - Meat, Fish , Poultry and, Egg.
 - g). Sugars
 - h) Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate and other beverages.
 - i) Condiments and Spices
 - i) Processed Foods

UNIT-III

- 6. Methods of Cooking
 - a) Advantages
 - b) Disadvantages
 - c) Effect on Nutritive value
- 7. Improving Nutritional Quality of Foods
 - a) Germination
 - b) Fermentation
 - c) Supplementation
 - d) Substitution
 - e) Fortification and Enrichment

References:

- Robinson, C.H., Lawler, M.R. Chenoweth W.L. and Garwick A.E. (1986): Novel and Therapeutic Nutrition, 17th Edition, Macmillan Publishing Co.
- Swaminathan, M.S. (1985): Essentials of Food and Nutrition VI: Fundamentals Aspects, VII Applied Aspects.

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- 3. Hughes, O, Bennion, M. (1970): Introductory Foods, 5th Edition, Macmillan Company.
- Williams, S.R. (1989): Nutritional Diet Therapy, 4th Edition, C.B. Mosby C

Paper 1 FUNDAMENTALS OF FOOD AND NUTRITION PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:4
Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- 1. To acquire skills in Food Preparation Techniques.
- To appropriate method of cooking for preparation of specific food products.

Contents:

- . Use and care of Kitchen Equipment
- 2. Controlling techniques
- Weight and Measures Standard and Household Measures for Raw and Cooked Foods.
- b) Recipe Evaluation of a Product
- Food preparation and Classifying RecipesasGood, Moderate or Poor sources of specific Nutrients. Amount of ingredients to be used in standard recipe in reference to portion size.
 - a) Beverages Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Fruit juice, Milk, Milk shakes
 - b) Cereal and flour mixtures Basic preparations.
 - l. Boiled rice and Rice Pulao
 - II. Chapati, Poori and Paratha
 - III. Sandwiches
 - IV. Pastas
 - V Pancakes
 - VI. Biscuits
 - VII. Cookies
 - VIII. Cakes
- 4. Vegetables
 - a) Simple Salads b) Dry Vegetables c) Curries
- 5. Fruits
 - a) Fruit Salad
 - b) Fruit Preparations using Fresh and Dried Stewed Fruits.
- 6. Milk
 - a) Curds, Paneer and their commonly made preparations.

- Milk based simple desserts and Puddings :-Custards, Kheer, Ice-cream.
- Snups Basic Clear and Cream Soup. .
- Snacks.
- Peanut Chikki, Til Ladoo.

Paper 2 HUMANPHYSIOLOGY

Hours/Weck:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of I mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at

least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to- understand the physiology of human body.

Contents:

UNITI

- Structure and Function of cell
- Cardiovascular system
 - a) Blood and its composition
 - Blood groups
 - Coagulation of blood
 - Structure and functions of heart
 - e) Heart rate, Cardiac output, blood pressure and its regulation
- 3. Musculoskeletal System
 - a) Type of muscles, functions
 - b) Skeletal system- formation of bone and teeth.

UNITII

- Reproductive system
 - a) Structure and functions of sex glands and organs including hormones.
 - Menstrual cycle.
 - Physiology of pregnancy, Parturition, Lactation and Menopause.
- **Excretory System**
 - Structure and function of kidney, bladder, formation of urine
 - Structure and function of skin.
 - Regulation of temperature of body.

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6. Respiratory system

- a) Structure of lungs.
- Mechanism of respiration and its regulations.
- O2 and CO2 transport in blood.
- Vital capacity and other volumes.

UNITIII

7. Gastrointestinal System

- a) Structure and function of various organ of GI Tract.
- b) Digestion and absorption of food and the role of enzymes and hormones.

8. Nervous System

- a) Elementary anatomy of nervous system.
- b) Functions of different parts of brain in brief.
- Automatic, Sympathetic and Parasympathetic nervous system.
- Special senses.

9. Human Genetics

- a) Human chromosomes, the inheritance and variation in man
- The genetics basis of human disease- Sickle cell anaemia, Haemophilia, Colour Blindness and Diabetes.
- Genetic counselling.

References:

- 1) Guyton, A.C., Hall, J.E. (1996): Textbook of Medical Physiology, 9th Ed. Prism Books (Pvt.) Ltd., Bangalore.
- Winwood (1998): Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses, London; Edward, Arnold.
- Wilson(1989): Anatomy and Physiology in health and illness, Edinburgh, Churchill Living Stone.
- Chatterjee, C.C., (1988): A Textbook of Medical Physiology, London W.B. Sounder's Co.

Paper 2 HUMANPHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:4

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment: 10

Contents:

- First aid box layout.
- Measurement of height and weight
- Measurement of Blood Pressure
- Total Blood Count (Demonstration only)
- Urine analysis (Demonstration only)
- Other Haematological Parameters: Bleeding Time, Clotting Time and Blood Group estimation (Demonstration only)

Paper 3 SOCIO-ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF COMMUNITIES

Hours/Week:5
Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- 1) Understand the socio economic structures and systems that make up rural and urban communities.
- Understand the meaning of Social Change through development plans and programmes in the context of the existing socio economic structures and systems.

3) Recognise one's own role in the development process.

Contents:

UNITI

- 1. Introduction To Social Structures And Systems- Framework For Analysis
 - a) Meaning and System of Organisation
 - b) Relationship between Social Systems
 - c) Types of Society-Harmonic, Disharmonic.
- 2. Analysis of Family as a Social Unit
 - Types, average size(Micro/macro), marriage patterns. distinct social roles and nature of relationships between members of the family.
 - Internal distinction in authority based on age and sex roles, gender differences with reference to activities and access to resources.
 - c) Emerging patterns of familial organisation influenced by broader economic and political forces-female headed households.

UNITI

3. Analysis of Social Relations of Groups Social Stratification- Caste System (Micro/Macro)

Differential ranking of groups as superior and inferior caste groups; changes that have taken place/expected; abolition of un-touchability, inter caste collaboration, fusion of sub castes, impact of reservations, social inequalities, extent of acceptance or opposition.

4. Gender Analysis

- (a) The concept of Gender as distinct from sex
 - b) The division of labour.
 - c) Access and control of resource
 - d) Changes in the means of gaining access to resources

UNITIII

5. Approaches And Methods of Socio Economic Analysis

- a) Rapid Rural Appraisal
- b) Participatory Rural Appraisal
- c) Surveys, Case studies, Observation
- d) Participant Observations.

References:

- Desrochers, John (1984) ;Indias search for development and social justice, analysis of indian society. The development debate, Bangalore, India, centre for social action.
- Singh,k.(1980); Principle of Sociology, lucknow, Prakashan Kendra
- Thingalaya, N.K.(1986): Rural India-Real India, Bombay, Himalya Publishing House.
- 4. Subramaniya, K.N.(1988) :Economic Development and Planning in India, New Delhi, Deep Deep Publication.
- Agarwal, A.N. (1994): Indian Economy, Problems of Development and Planning, Madras, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Journals:

1)Social Welfare, central social welfare board, SamajKalyan Bhawan, B-12 Tana Crescent, Institutional Area, South of IIT, New Delhi

2) Yojna, Director, Publication Divisions, Patiala House, New Delhi.

Paper 4 FOOD BEHAVIOUR

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment: 10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks)

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- Understand formation of food habits.
- Know how various factors influence dietary practices of Individuals.

- 3. Understand Food fads and Fallacies and their impact on food habits.
- 4. Understand forces operating in modifying food behaviour.

Contents:

UNITI

1. Food Behaviour Concept:

- a) Factor affecting food behaviour- Agriculture, Economic, Environmental, Socio-cultural, Psychological, Religious, Role of Industrialization, Urbanization, Work Patterns and Mass Media.
- b) Food behaviour and linkages with health.

2. Food habits:

- a) Knowledge, Attitudes, Practice.
- Food habits and dietary patterns in different region and communities in India.
- Factors affecting food habits- Family size, composition, structure, economic status, working status of mother, education.
- Relation of knowledge, attitudes, beliefs and practices in food behaviour.

UNITI

4. Studying Food Behaviour

- a) Identifying opportunities and points of resistance
- Planning and conducting food behaviour studiesevaluating food behaviour.

5. Food

Facts, Fallacies and belief- identifying positive, neutral, negative implications.

6. Dietary Pattern

Factors affecting food intake, Food waste, Prejudices and aversions, KAP of individuals and families- regional variations and nutritional implications.

7. Modifying Food Behaviour

Changing attitude, Changing Knowledge, Changing Behaviour.

UNITHI

- 8. Modifying Food Behaviour in Different Age Groups Intervention strategies and implementation- case studies.
- Role of different members of family and community in changing Food Behaviour Parents, Siblings, Role Models
- 10. Indigenous systems of Medicine Anyush
 Home remedies
- 11. Legislation, Health and nutrition education Role of media in changing food behaviour.

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References:

- Sanjur, D. (1982): Social and Cultural Perspectives in nutrition, Prentice Hall, Inc.
- Long, P.J., Shann, B. (1983): Nutrition and Inquiry into the Issues, Prentice Hall, Inc.
- Blix, G. (1978): Food Cultism and Nutrition quackery, Almquist and Wiksells
 Uppsala.
- 4. Gillespie, S., Mc Neil, G. (1992): Food and Health and Survival in Developing Countries, Oxford University Press.
- Yadav R.J.; Singh P. and Pandey A. (2009): acceptability of Indigenous System of Medicine in State of Bihar; Indian J. Prev. Soc. Med. Vol 40, No. 3 and 4
- Usage and acceptability of Indian system of Medicine and Homeopathy in India, 2002 for Ministry of health and Family Welfare, Government of India; Institute for Research in Medical Statistics, ICMR, New Delhi.
- Macias; Y.F. and Glasauer, P; 2014. Guidelines for Assessing Nutrition related knowledge, attitude and Practices. Food and Agriculture Organisation of United States Rome.
- 8. Brown Millwerd 2010: Food behaviour: the International Evidence

Compulsory Paper I सामान्य हिन्दी

शिक्षण का समय : प्रति सप्ताह 4 घण्टे

पूर्णांक : 50

परीक्षा की अवधि : 3 घण्टे

मुख्य परीक्षा : 40

आंतरिक मूल्याकन: 10

नोट : परीक्षक को 40 अंक का प्रश्न पत्र बनाना है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न पत्र 3 भागों में विभाजित होगा, भाग अ, व एवं स। छात्रों को इसमें न्यूनतम उत्तीर्ण अंक (36 प्रतिशत) प्राप्त करना अनिवार्य है। इस विषय के अंक इस सेमेस्टर के अन्य विषयों के कुल अंक में सम्मिलत नहीं किए जाएंगे।

भाग 'अ'

यह भाग 8 अंक का है। इसमें 8 प्रश्न होंगे तथा समस्त प्रश्न अनिवार्य होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 20 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। इसमें प्रत्येक इकाई में से कम से कम एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1 अंक का है।

भाग 'ब'

यह भाग 8 अंक का है। इसमें 4 प्रश्न होंगे तथ समस्त प्रश्न अनिवार्य होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 50 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। इसमें प्रत्येक इकाई में से कम से कम एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

भाग 'स'

यह भाग 24 अंक का है। इसमें 6 प्रश्न है, प्रत्येक इकाई में से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे। जिनमें से अभ्यर्थी को 3 प्रश्न करने होंगे। प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक एक प्रश्न करना होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 400 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 8 अंक का है।

उद्देश्य

- हिन्दी भाषा की सामान्य जानकारी से अवगत कराना।
- गद्य पद्य के साथ हिन्दी की विभिन्न विधाओं की जानकारी प्रदान करना।
- भाषा तत्वों तथा विषय वस्तु के साथ सामाजिक नैतिक, व सांस्कृतिक मूल्यों की जानकारी प्रदान करना।

सामान्य हिन्दी

सामान्य हिन्दी

शिक्षण का समय : प्रति सप्ताह 4 घण्टे

पूर्णाक : 50

परीक्षः की अवधि : 3 घण्टे

आंतरिक मूंल्याकन: 10

मुख्य परीक्षा : 40

नोट : परीक्षक को 40 अंक का प्रश्न पत्र बनाना है। प्रश्न पत्र 3 भागों में विभाजित होगा, भाग अ, ब एवं स। छात्रों को इसमें न्यूनतम उत्तीर्ण अंक (36 प्रतिशत) प्राप्त करना अनिवार्य है। इस विषय के अंक इस सेमेस्टर के अन्य विषयों के कुल अंक में सम्मिलित नहीं किए जाएंगे।

भाग 'अ'

यह भाग 8 अंक का है। इसमें 8 प्रश्न होंगे तथा समस्त प्रश्न अनिवार्य होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 20 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। इसमें प्रत्येक इकाई में से कम से कम एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1 अंक का है।

भाग 'ब'

यह भाग 8 अंक का है। इसमें 4 प्रश्न होंगे तथ समस्त प्रश्न अनिवार्य होगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 50 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। इसमें प्रत्येक इकर्ई में से कम से कम एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

भाग 'स'

यह भाग 24 अंक का है। इसमें 6 प्रश्न है, प्रत्येक इकाई में से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे। जिनमें से परीक्षार्थी को 3 प्रश्न करने होंगे। प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक एक प्रश्न करना होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न काउत्तर लगभग 400 शब्दों में दिया जाना होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 8 अंक का

उद्देश्य

- हिन्दी भाषा की सामान्य जानकारी से अवगत कराना।
- गद्य पद्य के साथ हिन्दी की विभिन्न विधाओं की जानकारी प्रदान करना।
- भाषा तत्वों तथा वि ाय वस्तु के साथ सामाजिक नैतिक, व सांस्क्रभतिक मूल्यों की जानकारी प्रदान करना।

सामान्य हिन्दी

इकाई-प्रथम

- संधि
- समास
- पर्यायवाची शब्द
- शब्द शुद्धि

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- वाक्य शुद्धि
- पारिभाषिक शब्दावली (अंगेजी शब्दों के हिन्दी समानार्थक शब्द)
- संचार गाध्यमों का स्वरूप, समाचार लेखन
- प्रार्थना पत्र लेखन / निवंध लेखन

इकाई-द्वितीय

व्याख्यात्मक तथा समालोचनात्मक प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे।

- पूस की रात मुंशी प्रेमचंद- लोकभारती प्रकाशन नई दिल्ली।
- 2. एक गौ-- जैनेन्द्र कुमार कथा सौरभ (संकलन) डाॅo विजय पाल सिंह, प्रगति प्रकाशन, अजमेर।
- चीफ की दावत भीष्म साहनी
- वापसी—उषा प्रियम्बदा
- इंस्पेक्टर मातादीन चांद पर हरिशंकर परसाई (हिन्दी हास्य व्यंग्य संकलन) संपादन श्रीलाल शुक्ल, प्रेम जनमेजय
- राष्ट्र का स्वरूप— वासुदेव शरण अग्रवाल पृथ्वी पुत्र संकलन से
- ईर्घ्या तू न गई मन से (निबंध) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर
- दीपदान (एकांकी) राम कुमार वर्गा महेश बुक डिपो जयपुर
- गौरा (रेखाचित्र) महादेवी वर्मा
- 10. आखिरी चट्टान— मोहन राकेश गद्य वीपी माया प्रकाशन जयपुर इकाई-तृतीय

पद्य

- नर हो, न निराश करो मन को –मैथलिशरण गुप्त
- मेरा नया बचपन सुभद्रा कुमारी चौहान
- जाल समेटा हरिवंश राय वच्चन
- मरूधरा की धूप, रामधारी सिंह दिनकर (धूप और धुआ काव्य संकलन से) लोकभारती प्रकाशन, महात्मा गांधी मार्ग इलाहाबाद।
- एक बूंद– अयोध्या सिंह उपाध्याय हरिओम
- जागो फिर एक बार सूर्यकान्त त्रिपाठी निराला
- 7. गीत फरोश -- भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र
- पन्द्रह अगस्त गिरिजा कुमार माथुर

SEMESTER II

Paper 5

FOOD COMMODITIES AND PREPARATION

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs Internal Assessment: 10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives

This course will enable the student to -

- Understand factors to be considered during selection of basic commodities, raw and processed, and various aspects of their production and distribution.
- Know the qualities and standards of available commodities and their suitability for different purposes.
- Understand use of different commodities in various food preparations.
 Contents:

UNITI

- Cereals and Millets, cereal products, breakfast cereals, Ready to eat cereals.
 - a) structure, processing, storage, use in various preparations, variety, selection and cost.
- Pulses and Legumes Production (in brief), structures, selection and variety.
 - a) Storage, processing and use in different preparations.
 - b) Nutritional aspects and cost.
- Milk and Milk Products Composition, classification, selection, quality and cost: Processing, storage and uses in different preparations. Nutritional aspects. Shelf life and spoilage.
- Eggs production, grade, quality, selection, storage and spoilage.
 a) Cost, nutritional aspects and use in different preparations.
- Meat, Fish and Poultry Types, selection, purchase, storage, uses, cost. Spoilage of fish, poultry and meat, uses and preparations.

UNITI

- 6. Vegetables and Fruits Variety, selection, purchase, storage, availability. Cost, use and nutritional aspects of raw and processed products and use in different preparations.
- Sugar and Sugar Products Types of natural sweeteners, manufacture, selection, storage and use as preserves. Stages in sugar cookery.
- Fats and Oils Types and sources (animal and vegetable), processing, uses in different preparations, storage, cost and nutritional aspects.
- Raising and Leavening agents Types, constituents, uses in cookery and bakery, storage.
- 10. Food Adjuncts Spices, Condiments, Herbs, Extracts, Concentrates, Essences, Food colours. Origin, classification, description, uses, specifications, procurement and storage.

UNITIII

 Convenience Foods - Role, types, advantages, uses, cost and contribution to diet.

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- 12. Salt Types and uses.
- 13. Beverages Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Cocoa powder Production (including cultivation), processing, cost and nutritional aspects. Other beverages - Aerated beverages. Juices.
- 14. Preserved Products: Jams, Jellies, Pickles, Squashes, Syrups.
 - a) Types, Composition and Manufacture, selection, cost, storage, uses and nutritional aspects.
- 15. Food Standards ISI, Agmark, FPO, MPO, PFA.

Paper 5

FOOD COMMODITIES AND PREPARATION PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:4

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment:10

Main Exam:40

Objectives

This course will enable the students to -

- Develop skills in preparing various food items.
- Understand the principles underlying changes in food characteristics during cooking.
- 3. Learn proper handling, preparation and service of foods.
- Be familiar with evaluation of food products for their quality characteristics.
- 5. Understand and use various methods of preservation of food.

Content:

- Introduction to practical Weights and measures- their equivalents.
 a) Use and care of kitchen equipment. Table setting and service.
- Preparing, Serving and evaluating food items
 - a) Beverages Fruit and milk based, punches, juices etc.
 - b) Cereals Variations in Parathas, Purees, Rice pulao, Biryani, Lemon rice, Tamarind Rice, Dosa, Idli, preparations using Noodles, Macaroni, Spaghetti.
 - Pulses KhattaChanna, Rajmah, Sambhar etc. Vadas, Dhokla, Khandvi, Kadis.
 - d) Vegetables Vegetable Koftas, Cutlets, Baked Vegetable dishes and Fancy preparations.
 - e) Soups Variations in soups.
 - f) Stews Vegetable and Mutton.
 - g) Salads & Salad dressings Vegetable salads, whole meal salads, Frozen salads.
 - h) Milk, Paneer, Cheese and Khoa preparations Indian sweets: Barfis, GulabJamun, Ghana murgi, Sandesh, Rasgulla.
 - Meat, fish and poultry roasted, baked, fried, curries, kababs and Tandoori preparations.
 - Desserts Halwas, variations in ice cream, soufflé, baked and steamed desserts, other hot and cold desserts.

- k) Cakes Variations: Creamed, Sponge-pastries, Swiss rolls etc.;
- Biscuits/Cookies and their variations, short crust pastry, Choux pastry, flaky pastry and their preparations.
- m) Sandwiches Open and Toasted.
- n) Snacks Savoury: Mathri, Kachoris, Samosa. Sweets: Ladoos, Gujias, Malpuras.
- Food Preservation Preparations of pickles and jams.
 Demonstration of various methods like drying, Murabbas, Sauces, Squashes, Freezing, Canning etc.

References

- 1. Lavies, S. (1988): Food Commodities, Heinemann Ltd. London.
- Hughes, O. and Bennion, M. (1970): Introductory Foods, MacMillan & Co. New York. Pyke, M. (1974): Catering Service and Technology, John MurreyPube, London.
- Dowell, P., Bailey, A. (1980): The Book of Ingredients, Dorling Kinderley Ltd., London.
- Phillip, T.E. (1988): Modern Cookery for Teaching and the Trade, 4th Ed., Orient Longman, Bombay. Pruthi, J.S. (1979): Spices and Condiments, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- 5. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (1994): Govt. of India.

Paper 6

NUTRITIONAL MANAGEMENT IN HEALTH AND DISEASE

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks)

Objectives

This course will enable the student to

- Understand the concept of an adequate diet and the importance of meal planning
- 2 Know the factors affecting the nutrient needs during the life cycle and the RDA for various age groups
- 3. Gain knowledge about dietary management in common ailments. Contents:

UNITI

Definition of health and nutrition

Dimensions of health (physical, psychological, emotional, spiritual)

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Energy Requirements - Factors affecting energy requirements
 BMR, Activity, age, climate, diet - induced thermogenesis (SDA), physiological conditions

UNITI

- 3. Concept of nutritionally adequate diet and meal planning
 - a. Importance of meal planning
 - Factors affecting mea! planning.
 - Nutritional, Socio-cultural, Religious, Geographic, Economic, Availability of time and material resources
- 4. Nutrition through the Life Cycle

(at different activity and Socio-economic levels) requirements, nutritional problems, food selection.

- a. Adulthood
- Pregnancy
- c. Lactation
- d. Infancy
- e. Preschool
- f. Adolescence
- g. Old age

UNITIII

5. Principles of diet therapy

Modification of normal diet for therapeutic purposes, Full diet, Soft diet, Fluid diet, Bland diet.

Nutritional management in common ailments.

Requirements and diet planning

- a. Diarrhoea
- b. Constipation

c. Fevers

d. Weight Management

Paper 6

NUTRITIONAL MANAGEMENT IN HEALTH AND DISEASE PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:4
Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment :10

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to --

- Plan and prepare nutritionally adequate diets in relation to age, activity levels, physiological state and socio-economic status.
- Make the therapeutic modifications of normal diet for common disease conditions.

Content:

- Planning and preparation of diets for different age groups at different socio-economic and activity levels in relation to special nutrient requirements.
 - Adult

- b. Pregnancy
- c. Lactation
- d. Infancy
- e. Pre-school Child
- f. School Child
- g. Adolescence
- h. Old age
- Planning and preparation of therapeutic and modified diets.
 - Soft diet
 - b. Fluid diet
 - C. Bland diet
 - d. High protein diet
 - e. High fibre
 - f. Low fibre diet
 - g. Calorie restricted

References

- Krause, M.V. and Mahan, L.K. (1986): Food, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, Alan A. Liss, Saunders co., London.
- Passmore, R. and Davidson, S. (1986): Human Nutrition and Dietetics, Livingstone Publishers.
- 3. Robinson, C.H., Laer, M.R., Chenoweth, W.L., Garwick, A.E. (1986): Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition, MacMillan Publishing Company, New York.
- 4. Williams, S. R. (1989): Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 4th Ed., C.V. Mosby Co.
- Shils, M.E., Olson, J.A., Shike, M.Eds. (1994): Modern Nutritiop in Health and Disease, 8th Edn., Lea and Febiger - A Waverly Company

Paper 7 HUMAN NUTRITION

Hours/Week;5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives

This course will enable the student to -

- 1. Understand the functions and sources of nutrients.
 - Apply the knowledge in maintenance of good health for the individual and the community.
 - 2. Be familiar with factors affecting availability and requirements

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· Content

UNITI

Concept and definition of terms Nutrition, Malnutrition and Health

- 1. Brief History of Nutritional Science. Scope of Nutrition.
- 2. Minimal Nutritional Requirements and RDA Formulation of RDA and Dietary Guidelines Reference Man and Reference woman.
- 3. Body Composition and changes through the life cycle.

UNITII

- 4. Energy in Human Nutrition Energy Balance, Assessment of Energy Requirements, Deficiency and Excess.
- 5. Proteins Assessment of Protein quality (BV, PER, NPU), Digestion and Absorption, factors affecting protein bio-availability including anti-nutritional factors, Requirements, Deficiency.
- 6. Lipids Digestion and Absorption, Intestinal re-synthesis of triglycerides. Types of fatty acids, role and nutritional significance (SFA, MUFA, PUFA, w-3).
- Carbohydrates Digestion and Absorption, Blood glucose and effect
 of different carbohydrates on blood glucose, Glycaemic Index.

UNITIII

- 8. Dietary Fibre Classification, composition, properties and nutritional significance.
- 9. Minerals and Trace Elements Physiological role, bio-availability and requirements, sources, Deficiency and Excess (Calcium, Phosphorus, Magnesium, Iron, Fluoride, Zinc, Selenium, Iodine, Chromium).
- 10. Vitamins Physiological role, bio availability and requirements, sources, deficiency and excess (Fat Soluble and Water soluble)
- 11. Water Functions, requirements.

References

- Guthrie, A.H. (1986): Introductory Nutrition, 6th Ed., The C.V. Mosby Company.
- Robinson, C.H., Lawler, M.R., Chenoweth, W.L. and Garwick, A.E. (1986): Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition, 17th Ed. MacMillan Publishing Co.
- Swaminathan, M. (1985): Essentials of Food and Nutrition, Vols. I and II. Ganesh and Co. Madras.
- Gopalan, C. et al., (1991): Nutritive value of Indian Foods, Indian Council of Medical Research.
- Indian Council of Medical Research (1989): Nutrient Requirements and Recommended Dietary Allowances for Indians, New Delhi.
- 6. FAO/VVHO/UNU: Technical Report Series, 724(1985) Energy and Protein Requirements, Geneva.
- 7. WHO Technical Reports Series for different Nutrients

Paper 8

COMMUNITY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND EXTENSION

Hours/Week:5
Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of I mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives

To enable the students to -

 Understand the socio-economic structures and patterns terns that make up the rural and urban communities;

Understand the meaning of social change through development plans and programs in the context of the existing .socio-economic structures and systems;

Recognise one's own role in the development process.

Content

UNITI

1. Analysis of Social Relations of Economic Life (Micro/Macro)

a. Resources available,Ownership pattern, division of labour among the groups

 Access to facilities of credit, irrigation, fertilizers, seeds, storage in relation to class groups and gender.

d. Land cultivation pattern - family labour / herd labour / tenancy or share cropping and consequent relation of different class groups to land; rent or wages paid-profit and loss in relation to the owner, tenant, labourer and gender.

e. Income distribution pattern, income disparities (growing or reducing) among class groups and within each class

 f. The type of economy - subsistence or market surplus according to classes.

g. Market malpractices, access to market at different levels, to transport, to storage facilities.

h. Organisational strengths of producers traders and consumers dominant organisations that make market mechanisms work

i. Consumption pattern of classes and in relation to gender - Quantity and quality of primary, secondary and tertiary goods -Relationship of consumption pattern to distribution pattern, production and market structures

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2. Poverty Analysis (Micro/Macro)

The number and proportion of poor (in general and with reference to gender in particular) prevalence of hunger and malnutrition, availability and accessibility to drinking water and sanitation facilities, health facilities, clothing and housing facilities, education facilities. Unemployment pattern and indebtedness; causes of poverty and inequalities; programs for poverty alleviation Poverty line.

UNITH

3. Analysis of Social Relations in Political System (Micro/Macro)

- Dominant caste(s)/class(es) that influence and control the decision making process including the role of women.
- Distribution of power mode of decision-making democratic or dictatorial, decentralised or bureaucratic.
- c. Democratic decentralisation efforts and their impact.

4. Social Relations in Religion and Culture (Micro / Macro)

- The role of religion and culture in the lives and values of people.
- b. Popular expressions of beliefs and attitudes that promote fatalism or confidence in themselves.

5. Analysis of Social Relation to Environment (Micro / Macro)

- Customs, norms, rules, regulations that are eco-friendly and that are not eco-friendly.
- b. Changing patterns of production and consumption organic farming, soil and water conservation measures, recycling of wastes, use of bio-degradable articles etc., impact of these in the communities.

UNITII

Concept of organization in development.

- a) Collective action as distinct from individual action.
- b) Need for collective action Improving production and productivity, improving accessibility to resources, gaining strength.

Leadership patterns

- a) Traditional leadership roles and functions advantages, disadvantages
- b) Emerging leadership Shared [leadership
- c) Leadership and community organisation for development.

8. Ideology of community organisation

- a) School dynamics in the village community / urban slums.
- b) Social structure as basis for social dynamics in operation.
- c) Social justice and equality of opportunities empowering the weaker section

References

- Desrochers, John (1977): Methods of Societal Analysis, Bangalore, India, Centre for Social Action.
- 2 Desrochers, John (1980): Caste in India Today, Bangalore, India, Centre

for Social Action.

- Desrochers, John (1984): Classes in India Today, Bangalore, India. Centre for Social Action.
- Dietrich, Gabriela (1978): Culture, Religion and Development, Bangalore, India, Centre for Social Action, India.
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- 8. Mukherjee, Neel (1992): Villagers' Perception of Rural Poverty through the Mapping Methods of Participatory Rural appraisal or participatory Learning Methods: PRA / PALM Series, No.2, Service Road, Domlur Layout, Bangalore — 560 071. MYRADA.
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- Oakley, Peter and David, Marsden (1984): Approaches to Participation in Rural Development — Published on behalf of the ACC Task Force on Rural Development, Geneva, International Labour Office.

Journals

- Changing Villages, PPS Gussain for Consortium on Rural Technology, D-320, Laxmi Nagar, New Delhi — 110 092.
- Journal of Rural Development, The National institute of Rural Development, Rajendranagar, Hyderabad —500 029.
- Social Welfare, Central Social Welfare Board, SamajKalyanBhavan, B-12, Tana Crescent, Institutional Area, South of IIT, New Delhi — 110016.
- Kurukshetra, Director, Publications Division Ministry of I & B, Government of India, Patiala House, New Delhi — 110 001.

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 Yojana. Director, Publications Division, Patiala House, New Delhi-110001.

COMPULSORY PAPER-II GENERAL ENGLISH

Hours/Week:4

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Candidates are required to secure minimum passing mark (36%) in this paper. The marks obtained in this paper will not be included in the grand total of the paper.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives: To develop English language skills (both written and spoken) in students

Contents:

UNITI

 Grammar and Usage: Basic Sentence Pattern, simple, complex and compound sentencesParts of sentences. Tenses and their sequence, Passive Voice, Modals, Determiners, Punctuation., vocabulary building, phrasal verbs,

UNITII

Writing titles, slogans, notices, announcements, circulars, report writing, summaries for business purposes

UNITII

 Situational writing, Dialogue, Resume Writing, Comprehension, Composition, Business letters.

References:

- 1) Sharma I. K. and Singh V.D. AA Practical Course in English, Jaipur Publishing House, Jaipur.
- 2) Hornby, A.S. Advanced learners dictionary of current usage, Oxford University Press
- 3) Key to Wren & Martin's Regular & Multicolour Edition of High School English Grammar & CompositionPaperback-2017

'SEMESTERIII

Paper 9

FOOD MICROBIOLOGY, HYGINE AND SANITATION

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C:(24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives-

This course will enable the students to-

- Understand the nature of microorganisms involved in food-spoilage, food-infections and intoxications.
- Understand the importance of microorganisms in food biotechnology.
- Understand the principles of various methods used in the prevention and control of the microorganisms in foods.
- Understand the criteria for microbiological safety in various food operations to avoid public health hazards due to contaminated foods.
 Contents-

UNITI

- Brief history of food microbiology and introduction to important microorganisms in foods.
- Primary sources of microorganisms in foods, methods of detection and isolation.
- 3. Fundamentals of control of microorganisms in food-

Extrinsic and intrinsic parameters affecting growth and survival of microbes- use of high and low temperature, dehydration, freezing, freeze-drying, irradiation and preservatives in food preservation.

UNITI

- 4. General principles underlying spoilage-
 - Contamination and microorganisms in the spoilage of different kinds of foods and their prevention.
 - Cereals and cereal products, vegetable and fruits, fish and other sea foods, meat and meat products, eggs and poultry, milk and milk products, canned foods.
- Food borne infections and intoxications- symptoms, mode and source
 of transmission and methods of prevention. Investigation and detection
 of food borne disease outbreak.

UNITIII

- Microbes used in food biotechnology. Fermented foods and their benefits-Bread, Vinegar, Cheese and Sauerkraut.
- 7. Microbiology in food sanitation.
- 8. Food control and enforcement agencies.

References-

1. Frazier, W.C. and Westholf, D.C. (1988): Fourth Edition, Food

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- Microbiology, McGraw Hill Inc.
- Jay James, M. (1986): Third Edition, Modern Food Microbiology, Van Nostarnd Reinhold Company Inc.
- Pelezar, M.I. and Reid, R.D. (1978): Microbiology, McGraw Hill book Company, New York.
- Benson Herold, J. (1990): Microbiological applications, Wn. C. Brown Publishers, U.S.A.
- Collins, C.H. and Lyne, P.M. (1976): Microbiological methods, Buttersworth, London.

Paper 10 NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C:(24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives-

This course will enable the students to-

- 1. Develop an understanding of the principles of biochemistry (as applicable to human nutrition).
- 2 Obtain an insight into the chemistry of major nutrients and physiologically important compounds.
- Understand the biological processes and systems as applicable to human nutrition.
- 4. Apply the knowledge acquired to human nutrition and dietetics. Contents:

UNITI

- 1. Introduction to biochemistry Definition, objectives.
- 2. Carbohydrates- Definition, classification, structure and properties of
 - Monosaccharides- glucose, fructose, galactose
 - Disaccharides- maltose, lactose, sucrose
 - Polysaccharides- dextrin, starch, glycogen.
- 3. Lipids- Definition and classification of lipids, types of
 - Fatty acids, significance of Acid value, Iodine value and saponification value,
 - Classification and structure of phospholipids, structure of glycolipids, types and structure of sterols.
 - Lipoproteins- definition and types

4. Proteins- Amino acids, essential and non- essential amino acids

 Definition, classification, structure, properties and functions of proteins.

UNITII

- 5. Enzymes- definition, types and classification of enzymes
 - Definition and types of coenzymes
 - Enzyme inhibition
- 6. Intermediary metabolism- general consideration.
 - Carbohydrates- glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, Citric acid cycle,
 - Lipids- oxidation and biosynthesis of fatty acids.
 - Proteins- deamination, transamination

7. Biological oxidation-

- Electron transport chain,
- Oxidative phosphorylation,

UNITII

- 9. Vitamins- Biochemical role of fat soluble vitamins- A, D, K & E. Water soluble vitamins- B Complex & C.
- 10. Minerals- Biochemical role of Inorganic elements.
- 11. Hormones-Biological role of hormones

References-

- West, E.S., Todd, W.R., Mason, H.S. and Van Bruggen, J.T. (1974): 4th Ed. Text book of biochemistry, Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. White, A., Handlar, P., Smith E.L., Stelten, D.W. (1959): 2nd Ed. Principles of biochemistry, McGraw Hill Book Co.
- 3. Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (1993): 23rd Ed. Harper's Biochemistry. Lange medical book.
- Lehinger, A.L., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (1993): 2nd Ed. Principles
 of Biochemistry, CBS Publishers and distributors.
- Devlin, T.M. (1986): 2nd Ed. Text book of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations, John Wiley and sons.
- 6. Stryer, L. (1995): Biochemistry, Freeman WH and Co.

Paper 10 NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives-

This course will enable the students to-

1. Be familiar with qualitative tests and quantitative determinations.

1. Carbohydrates

- Estimation of reducing and total sugars in foods.
- Estimation of lactose in milk.

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2.Fsts

- Determination of Acid value, Saponification value and Iodine number of natural fats & oils.
- Estimation of crude fat content of foods by Soxhlet's method.

3. Proteins

- Electrophoresis
- Estimation of total N of foods by Kjeldahl method.

4. Vitamins

- Estimation of ascorbic acid content of foods by titrimetric method
- 5. Minerals
- Fluorimetry- general principle
- Estimation of calcium
- Estimation of chloride
- Estimation of phosphorus

References-

- Oser, B.L. (1965): 14th Ed. Hawk's physiological chemistry, McGraw Hill book Co.
- William, S.: 16th Ed. JAOAC, Official methods of analysis of the association of Official Analytical Chemists.
- 3. Indian Standards Institution, (1985): ISI Hand book of food analysis, Part I to XI. ManakBhawan, New Delhi.
- Varley, H., Gowenlock, A.H. and Bell, M. (1980): 5h Ed. Practical and clinical chemistry, Vol-I, William Heinemann medical books Ltd.
- 5. Sundararaj, P. and Siddhu, A., (1995): Qualitative tests and quantitative procedures in biochemistry a practical manual, Wheeler Publishing.

Paper 11 NUTRITION THROUGH LIFE CYCLE

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objective:

This course should enable the students to-

- Understand the physiology of pregnancy and lactation and how these influence nutritional requirements.
- 2. Learn the benefits of the breast feeding.

- Be aware of the problems encountered in pregnancy and during breast feeding and how to cope with these problems.
- Understand the process of growth and development from birth until adulthood.
- Get familiar with the nutritional needs of different stages of growth.
- Understand the concept of growth promotion.

Contents:

UNITI

- Nutrition During Pregnancy- Physiology of pregnancy, factors (non-nutritional) affecting pregnancy outcome, importance of adequate weight gain during pregnancy, antenatal care and its schedule, Nutritional requirements during pregnancy and modification of existing diet and supplementation, nutritional factors affecting breast-feeding. Deficiency of nutrients and impact-energy, protein iron, folic acid, calcium, iodine. Common problems of pregnancy and their management- nausea, vomiting, pica, food aversions, pregnancy induced hypertension, obesity, diabetes. Adolescent pregnancy.
- Nutrition during Lactation and Physiology of Lactation-Nutritional requirements during lactation and dietary management, food supplements, Galactogogues, preparation for lactation. Care and preparation of nipples during breast hygiene.
- 3. Nutrition during Infancy- Infant physiology relevant to feeding and care. Breast feeding- Colostrum, its composition and importance in feeding. Initiation of breast feeding. Nutritional and other advantages of breastfeeding. Introduction of complementary foods, initiation and management of weaning, breast feeding etc. Bottle feeding-circumstances under which bottle feeding is to be given. Care and sterilization of bottles. Preparation of formula. Mixed feeding-breast feeding and artificial feeding. Teething and management of problems. Immunization.

UNITII

- 4. Management of preterm and low-birth weight children.
- Growth and development from infancy to adulthood-Importance of nutrition for ensuring adequate growth and development.
- 6. Nutritional needs of Toddlers, Preschool, School going children and Adolescents- Dietary management.

UNITIII

- 7. Detary management of Children with Inborn Errors of Metabolism (PKU, Glycogen Storage Disease, Wilsons disease), Malabsorption (Lactose Intolerance, Celiac disease), Food Allergies.
- Nutrition and Health care programmes for mother and child ICDS and role of primary health centres

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References

- Gosh, S. (1992): The Feeding and Care of Infants and Young Children VHAI, 6th Ed., New Delhi
- Swaminathan, M. (1985): Esssentials of Food and Nutrition, Vol. I and II. Ganesh & Co. Madaras.
- King, M.H., King, F.M.A., Morley, D., Burgess, A.P. (1972): Nutrition for Developing Countries, ELBS Oxford University Press.
- Indian National Code for Protection and Promotion of breast feeding, Govt. of India. Ministry of Social Welfare, New Delhi, 1983.
- Indian Council of Medical Research (1989): Recommended Dietary Intakes for Indians.
- Waterlow, J.C.(1992): Protein Energy Malnutrition, Edward Arnoid.
- WHO, (1978): A Growth Chart for International Use in maternal and Child Health Care, Geneva.

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Paper 11 NUTRITION THROUGH LIFE CYCLE PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives

This course should enable the students to-

- Apply the knowledge regarding the nutritional requirements of mothers and children in various circumstances.
- Plan appropriate diets to fulfil nutritional needs in pregnancy, lactation and for children of different ages.
- Monitor growth of children.
- Counsel mothers to take appropriate action to prevent growth faltering and ro rehabilitate malnourished children.
- Train health workers for growth monitoring and promotion.

Contents

- Preparation of nutritional recipes for Pregnant and Lactating women (home level).
- Visit to antenatal clinic and counselling mothers at ANC.
- Preparation of bottle feeding- Sterilization and Preparation of formula milks.
- 4. Preparation of supplementary / weaning food for infants.
- Growth monitoring and Promotion- use of Growth charts and Standard Prevention of Growth faltering.
- Preparation of nutritious snacks for children; rich in energy, protein and important micro-nutrients.
- 7. Preparation of packed lunch for primary school age, school age children and adolescents.

Paper 12 PROBLEMS IN HUMAN NUTRITION

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C:(24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Content-

UNITI

- Pathogenesis of Nutritional Deficiency diseases development- Primary and secondary nutritional inadequacies. Concept of acute and chronic deficiency disease,
- 2) Prevalence, actiology, biochemical, clinical manifestations, preventive and therapeutic measures for
 - Protein Energy Malnutrition
 - Vitamin A deficiency
 - Fluorosis
- 3) Prevalence, actiology, pathology, biochemical, clinical manifestations, preventive and therapeutic measures for
 - Rickets
 - Beri-Beri
 - Scurvy
 - 4. Anaemia
 - 5. Iodine Deficiency disorders.

UNITII

- Nutritional problems of affluence- actiology, biochemical and clinical manifestations, preventive and therapeutic measures for
 - Obesity
 - Diabetes
 - 3. Cardio vascular diseases
- 5) Incidence, aetiology, Clinical changes, treatment of-Haemoglobinopathies- Sickle cell Anaemia, Thalassemia. UNIT III
- 7) Idiosyncrasies- food intolerance, food allergies- definition, symptoms, mechanism of food allergy, diagnosis, history, food record, elimination diets food selection.
- 8) Malabsorption Syndrome-Celiac Sprue, intestinal brush border deficiency, squired disaccharide intolerance, dietary care in these conditions.

"References:-

- 1. McCollum E.V. (1957): History of nutrition, Houghton Mifflin Co.
- Waterlow J.C. (1992): Protein Energy Malnutrition, Edward Arnold, A division of Hoddeand Stoughton.

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- Gopalan, C(1993): Recent trends in nutrition, oxford university press.
- De Maeyer, E.M.(1989): Preventing and controlling iron deficiency anaemia through primary health care: WHO.
- Sachdeva, H.P.S., Chaudhary, P(1994) Nutrition in children developing country concerns, dept of paediatrics, Maulana Azad Medical College, New Delhi.
- Shills, M.E. Olson, J.A. Shike. N and Ross, A.C.(1999): Modern nutrition in health and disease 9 the dition Williams and Willikins.
- Mahan L.K. and Escott-Stump (2000): Krause's food, nutrition and diet therapy 10 th edition W.P. saunders Ltd.
- Bainji M.S., Roa P.N., and Reddy, V.(2003): Textbook of human nutrition 2 nd Edition Oxford and IBH Publishing Co Pvt Ltd.
- 9. Passmore, R and Eastwood, M.A. (1986): Human Nutrition and Dietetics EIBS/Churchill Livingstone.
- Swiminathan, M.S.(1995): Essentials of Food and Nutrition Vol 1
 Fundamental Aspects Vol II Applied Aspects, The Banglore Printing
 and Publishing Co Banglore.
- 11. Shukla, P.K., (1990): Nutritional Problems of India.
- Robinson C.H., Lawler, M.R. Chenoweth, W.L. and Garwick, A.W(1986): Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition 16th edition Macmillan Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- 13. Brigg's G.M. nad Calloway, D.H. (1984): Nutrition and Physical fitness 1st edition Rinichart and Winston, New York, Chicago, san Fransisco.

COMPULSORY PAPER-III ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Hours/Week:4

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is requested to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts, Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Candidates are required to secure minimum passing mark (36%) in this paper. The marks obtained in this paper will not be included in the grand total of the paper.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 questions from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark)

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I questions from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks)

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions, 2 from each unit (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions, one from each unit. (Each question is of 8marks)

Objectives:

- 1. To create awareness about important environmental issues.
- 2. To study Conservation of resources.

Contents:

UNITI

1. Natural Resources:

Renewable and Non Renewable Resources Natural Resources and associated problems

- Forest Resources: Use and over exploitation, deforestation, Timber extraction mining, dam sand their effects on forests and tribal people.
- b) Water Resources: Use and over-utilization of sources and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems.
- Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using minerals resources
- d) Food resources: World food problems, changes causes by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer- pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewal and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternative energy sources. Case Studies.
- f) Land Resources: lands as a resource, land degradation man induces landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

UNITII

2. Biodiversity and its conservation

Introduction-definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity

- a) Bio geographical classification of India
- b) Value of Biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values.
- c) Biodiversity at Global, national and local levels.
- d) India as a mega university nation.
- e) Hot spots of biodiversity.
- f) Threats to Biodiversity: Habitat loss, poaching of wild life, man-wild life conflicts.
- g) Endangered and endemic Species of India.
- h) Conservation of Biodiversity: in situ and ex situ conservation.
- neasures of
 - i. Air Pollution
 - ii. water Pollution
 - iii. Soil Pollution
 - iv. Marine Pollution
 - v. Noise Pollution
 - vi. Thermal Pollution
 - vii. Nuclear Hazards.

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UNITIII

3. Social Issues and Environment

- a) From unsustainable to sustainable development
- b) Urban problems related to energy
- c) Water conservation, Rain water harvesting, and water shed management.
- d) Resettlement and Rehabilitation of people: its problems and concerns.
- e) Environmental Ethics- issues and possible solution
- f) Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer deep waste land reclamation.
- g) Consumerism and waste product.
- h) Environmental protection act.
- Prevention and control of pollution act.
- Pre life protection act.
- k) Past Conservation act.

Reference:

- Bharucha Erach, Textbook of Environmental Studies, University Press, Hyderabad.
- 2. Uberoi, N.K., Environmental Management, Excel books, New Delhi.
- Pandey, G.N., Environmental Management, Vikas Publishing. New Delhi

SEMESTER IV Paper 13 DIET THERAPY I

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives-

This course will enable the student to -

- Know the principles of diet therapy.
- Understand the modifications of normal diets for therapeutic purposes.
- 3. Understand the role of the dietician

Contents:

UNITI

1. Basic concepts of diet therapy-

Therapeutic adaptations of normal diet, principles and classification of therapeutic diets. Routine hospital diets- Regular, light, soft, fluid.

Parenteral and enteral feeding.

2. Energy modifications and nutritional care for weight managementldentifying the overweight and obese, etiological factors contributing to obesity, prevention and treatment, low energy diets, balanced energy reduction and behavioural modification. Underweight – aetiology and assessment, anorexia nervosa and bulimia.

UNITU

3. Etiological factors, symptoms, diagnostic tests and dietary management of-

Upper Gl tract disease- Oesophagitis, Gastro Oesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD), Gastric and duodenal ulcers and dietary management.

4. Actiology, symptoms and dietary management of-Intestinal diseases- Diarrhoea, Steatorrhoea, Ulcerative Colitis. Constipation,

 Actiology, symptoms and Dietary management of-Malabsorption Syndrome, Celiac sprue, Tropical sprue. Intestinal brush border deficiencies (Acquired Disaccharide Intolerance).

UNITIII

6. Anemia-

Pathogenesis and dietary management of Nutritional Deficiency Anemia-Pernicious, megaloblastic and Iron deficiency anemia.

7. Diseases of the Liver, Exocrine Pancreas and Gall Bladder-

 Dietary care and management in- Viral Hepatitis; Circhosis of liver, Hepatic Encephalopathy, Wilson's disease.

ii. Dietary care and management in diseases of Gall Bladder -Cholelithiasis, Cholecystitis

iii. Dietary care and management in diseases of Pancreaspancreatitis etc.

References-

 Anderson, L., Dibble, M.V., Turkki, P.R., Mitchall, H.S., and Rynbergin, H.J. (1982): Nutrition in Health and disease, 17th Ed., J.B. Lippincott & Co. Philadelphia.

Antia, F.P. (1973): Clinical Dietetics and Nutrition, Second Edition,

Oxford University Press, Delhi.

 Mahan, L.K., Arlin, M.T., (1992): Krause's Food Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 8th Ed. W.B. Saunders Company, London.

4. Robinson, C.H., Lawler, M.R., Chenoweth, W.L., and Garwick, A.E. (1986): Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition, 17TH Ed., MacMillan Publishing Co.

Williams, S.R. (1989): Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 6th Ed. Times Mirror/ Mosby College Publishing, St. Louis.

Raheena, Begum (1989): A Textbook of foods, nutrition and dietetics.
 Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.

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7. Joshi, S.A. (1992): Nutrition and Dietetics, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi.

Paper 13 DIET THERAPY 1 PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives-

To enable students to-

- Know the normal routine diet served in hospitals and for whom these would be served.
- 2 To be able to plan diets for therapeutic purposes.

Content-

- Planning and preparation of fluid food clear fluid preparations, full fluid preparations.
- Planning and preparation of recipes for soft/ semisolid diet- mechanical, pureed. Planning and preparation of soft diet.
- Planning and preparation of low fat and low calorie recipes.

Planning and preparation of High fibre recipes.

5. Planning and preparation of Low fibre and low residue recipes.

Planning and preparation of Bland diet recipes.

 Planning and preparation of Diets for the following conditions-Overweight and obesity, ulcers, diarrhoea, constipation, viral hepatitis, liver cirrhosis, nutritional anemia.

Paper 14 COMMUNITY NUTRITION

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- Understand the factors that determine the availability and consumption of food.
- Befamiliar with the common nutritional problems of the community, their causes, symptoms, treatment and prevention:

- Get exposed to thes chemes, programmes and policies of Government of India to combat Malnutrition.
- 4. Beaware of the health hazards related to food and water.

Content-

UNITI

- 1. Concept and scope of Community Nutrition
- 2. Food availability and factors affecting food availability and its consumption.
 - a. Agricultural Production
 - b. Post-harvest handling, marketing and distribution
 - c. Population
 - d. Economic
 - e. Regional
 - f. Socio-cultural
 - g. Industrialization

UNITII

- 3. Nutritional problems of the community and implications for public health
 - a. Common problems in India
 - b. Causes (Nutritional and non-nutritional)
 - c. Incidence of nutritional problems. Signs and symptoms, treatment
 - i. PEM
 - ii. Micro-nutrient deficiencies (Vitamin A, Iron, lodine)
 - iii. Fluorosis
- 4. Schemes and programmes to combat nutritional problems in India
 - a. Prophylaxis programmes
 - b. Mid-daymealprogrammes
 - c. ICDS

UNITIII

- 5. Hazards to Community Health and Nutritional Status
 - a) Adulteration in food
 - b) Pollution of water
 - c) Industrial Offensive sewage
 - d) Pesticide residues in Food
- 6. Nutritional Policy in India and Plan of Action

References

- Agarwal, A.N.(1981): Indian economy problems of development and planning. Jelliffe, D.B. (1968): Child Health in thetropics.
- Ghosh, S.K. and Puri, V.K. (1992): Indian Economy. Shukla, P.K. (1982): Nutritional Problems of India. Thankkamma Jacob (1976): Food adulteration.
- 3. Park, J.E. and Park, K. (1994): Text book of preventive and social medicine. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (1994): Govt. of India

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Paper 15

NUTRITIONAL ASSESSMENT AND SURVEILLANCE

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives

This course should enable students to-

- Understand the concept of nutritional status and its relationship to health.
- Know the aims and objectives for assessing the nutritional status of an individual and the community.
- Know the methods used for assessment of nutritional status.
- Know the extent and types of malnutrition prevalent in the country and region.
- Identify the factors responsible for the malnutrition.

UNITI

- Nutritional status assessment and surveillance. Meaning, need, objectives and importance.
- Direct nutritional assessment of human groups
 Clinical signs, nutritional anthropometry, biochemical tests, biophysical methods.
- 3) Diet Surveys

Need and importance, methods of dietary survey. Adequacy of diet with respect to RDA, concept of family food security.

Clinical signs

Need and importance, identifying signs of PEM, Vitamin A deficiency and iodine deficiency. Interpretation of descriptive list of clinical signs.

5) Nutritional anthropometry

Need and importance, standards for reference, techniques of measuring and interpretation of these measurements

UNITI

- Rapid Assessment Procedures- need and importance, technique, interpretation
- 7) Secondary sources of community health data

Sources of relevant vital statistics, importance of infant, child and maternal mortality rates.

UNITIII

- 8) Sociological Factors in the actiology and prevention of Malnutrition Food Production and availability, socioeconomic factors, food consumption, medical and educational services, emergency/ disaster conditions, famine, floods and war.
- Surveillance Systems
 International, National and Community.

References

- 1. Jelliffe, D.B. (1966): Assessment of the Nutritional Status of the Community, World Health Organisation.
- Sain, D.R., Lockwood, R., Scrimshaw, N.S. (1981): Methods for the evaluation of the impact of Food and Nutrition Programmes, United Nations University.
- Ritchie, J.A.S.(1967): Learning Better Nutrition, FAO, Rome.
- 4. Gopalan, C: Nutrition and Health Care, Nutrition Foundation of India. Special Publication Series.
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- Gopaldas, T. and Seshadri, S. (1987): Nutrition Monitoring and assessment, Oxford University Press.
- Mason, J.B., Habicht, J.P., Tabatabai, H., Valverde, V. (1984): Nutritional Surveillance, W.H.O.

Paper 15

NUTRITIONALASSESSMENT AND SURVEILLANCE PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs Main Exam: 40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives

This course should enable students to-

- Take various anthropometric measurements for individuals of different ages.
- 2 Assess the nutritional status of individuals and the communities.
- Know the merits and limitations of various parameters used to assess nutritional status.
- Collect data on food and nutrient intake.
- Know the significance and importance of various biochemical parameters.
- 6. Than grassroots level workers in anthropometry and its interpretation.

Note: Each student should be given the opportunity to do the measurements individually such that they develop necessary skills.

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 Measurements of height, weight, circumference measurements, head, chest, mid upper arm, waist, hip.

2. Body Composition analysis through Body Composition Analyser.

Growth Charts- plotting growth charts. Growth monitoring and promotion.

1. Clinical Assessment and signs of nutrient deficiency for-

PEM, Vitamin A deficiency, Anaemia, Rickets. Iodine deficiency, B complex deficiencies.

5. Biochemical parameters commonly used for assessing nutritional status.

ii. Protein's- Total protein, albumin,

iii. Iron-Haemoglobin, Transfertin, Ferritin

iv. Lipids-Lipid profile.

 Estimating food and nutrient intake- household food consumption data, per consumption unit, 24 hour recall. Food Record, Food Diary, Merits and limitations of each.

 Field visits for surveillance systems used in nutrition and health programmes.

Paper 16 FOOD SCIENCE AND CHEMISTRY

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment :10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives:

This course will enable students to

- 1. Get acquainted with the composition of different food stuffs.
- 2. Understand the chemistry of foods and food systems.
- 3. Apply the theoretical aspects in ensuring food quality. Content:

UNITI

- Introduction o Food Science and Chemistry- Chemical and biochemical reactions, effect of reactions on quality and safety of food.
- Physical Foundation of Food Science- Solids, amorphous, liquids and gases, theirrole in food products. Truesolutions, dispersions and suspensions, sols, gels, foams and emulsions.

- 3. Carbohydrates-Chemical reaction in foods- hydrolysis, thermal degradation, dehydration, caramelization. Maillard Reaction. Applications in food industry.
- 4. Cereals and Cereal Products- Starch- types and structure (Modified and Unmodified). Functional properties of starch. Gelatinization and Dextrinization - factors affecting gelatinization. Gelation- factors affecting gelation.

UNITII

- Lipids (Fats and Oils) Chemistry of lipids- physical and chemical reactions in foods. Steps in manufacture of food fats, Role of fat and applications in food preparation. Shortenings- shortening value and factors affecting it. Selection of fats and oils, Fat substitutes. Deterioration of fats and oils- rancidity.
- Proteins-Physiochemical properties of amino acids and proteins. Hydrolysis, Denaturation of proteins. Functional properties of proteins- hydration, solubility, viscosity, gelation, texturization, emulsification, binding, foaming, Maillard reaction and Browning.
- Milk and Milk Products-Uses in cookery, effect of heat, enzymes, acid and salts on milk and milk products.
- Eggs- Functional properties and uses in cooking. Foam- (Yolk, White) and uses/applications.

UNITII

- 9. Meat, Fish, Poultry and Gelatin- Changes effected by processing and cooking, including heat curing, pH, salt. Meat tenderizers, Gelatincomposition, properties and uses.
- 10. Sugar and Sugar Cookery- Physical and functional properties. Applications in food preparation. Selection of sweetening agents and artificial sweeteners.
- 11. Food Additives- Permitted substances, types and uses in food industry.
- 12. Fruits and Vegetables- Pigments- types and effect of heat, pH and cooking. Browning and its prevention. Pectin, gums and application in food industry,

References:

- Baianu, I.C. (Editor): Physical Chemistry of Food Processes, Vol. 1. Fundamental Aspects, AVI Books, New York.
- Fennema, O.R. (Editor) (1885): Food Chemistry, 2nd Edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York.
- Wong, D.W.S. (1898): Mechanism and Theory in Food Chemistry, AVI Books, van NostrandReinhold, New York.
- Ronsivalli, L.J. and Vieira, E.R. (1992): Elementary Food Science, 3rd Ed. Chapman & Hall, New York.

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SEMESTER V Paper 17 DIET THERAPY II

Hours/Week:5

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment :10

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A. Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains o questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives-

This course will enable the students to -

I.Understand the role of the dietician in preventive and curative health care.

2. Be able to make appropriate dietary modification s for various disease conditions based on the pathophysiology. Content-

UNITE

- Diet in disease of the endocrine pancreas-Diabetes Mellitus-
- Classification, symptoms, diagnosis of diabetes mellitus.
- Insulin therapy, oral hypoglycaemic agents.glucose monitoring at
- Dietary care and nutritional therapy, meal plan (with and without insulin).
- Special Dietetic foods, Sweeteners and sugar substitutes. Gestational Diabetes, Juvenile Diabetes, Diabetic coma Hypoglycaemia.
- 2. Diseases of the eardiovascular System-

Atherosclerosis, Hyperlipidemias, Hypertensionand Ischemic Heart Disease -Etiology, risk factorsand nutritional management.

UNITII

- Renal diseases-
- Classification, etiology, characteristic symptoms and dietary management of glomerulonephritis-acute and chronic, Nephroticsyndrome, renal failure and Uraemia, acute and chronic renal failure.
- Dietary management in renal dialysis and renal transplant
- 4. Allergies

Definition, symptoms, diagnosis and dietary management. Food selection.Food allergy in infancy.

UNITIII

Cancer-nutritional and non nutritional etiological factors

Management of cancer patients in relation to the clinical treatment and eachexia.

6. Surgery, trauma and burns-

- Assessment of the nutritional status in surgical and burn patients
- Pre-operative and post -operative nutritional care.
- Nutritional care in trauma and burn patients.

References-

Anderson, L., Dibble, M.V., Turkki, P.R., Mitchell, H.S. and Rynbergin, H.J. (1982): Nutrition in Health and Disease, 17th Ed J.B. Lippincott&Co. Philadelphia. Antia, F.P. (1973): Clinical Dietetics and Nutrition, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, Delhi.

Mahan, L.k., Arlin, M.T. (1992): Krause's Food, Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 8th Ed, W.B. Saunders Company, London.

Robinson, C.H., Lawler, M.R., Chenoweth, W.L., and Garwick, A.E. (1986): Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition, 17th Ed.MacMillan Publishing Co.

Williams, S.R. (1989): Nutrition and Diet Therapy, 6th Ed., Times Mirror/Mosby College Publishing, St. Louis.

Paper 17 **DIETTHERAPY II** PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives-

. To enable students to apply the principles of planning therapeutic diets for various disease conditions.

Content-

- 1. High Risk Management (hospital based) Nutrition Assessment Oralsupplements home based and commercial. Management of patients with feeding problems. Tube feeds- all forms, elemental and Parenteral.
- Planning and Preparation of Therapeutic Diet-
 - Diabetes Mellitus and hypoglycaemia
 - Hypertension
 - Coronary heart disease
 - Coronary heart failure
 - Cardiac surgery
 - Glomerulonephritis-acute and chronic,
 - Nephrotic syndrome,
 - Renal failure and Uraemia,
 - Acuteand chronic renal failure.
 - Burns

Paper 18

INSTITUTIONAL FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

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Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A. Part B and Part C

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives:

This course will enable the students to-

- Gain knowledge of the types of Food services in India and the Factors which haveled to their development.
- Understand the special characteristics of food service establishments.
- Know the types of resources required for managing food outlets.
- Maximizeresource use.
- Learn man power management techniques.
- Underst and human relations and behavior at work.
- Know the types of costs involved and how to controlthem.
- Maintain and analyze accounting information for decisionmaking.
- Thinkofstartingafoodservice.

UNITI

Introduction to Food Service Institutions

Development of Food Service Institutions in India. Characteristics of Food Service Establishments. Effects of environmental changes on different types of Establishments.

Food Service Management-Definitions, principles and functions, Tools of Management, Resources.

UNITI

Approaches to Management

Traditional Management, Systems approach, management by objectives, Total Quality Management.

ManagementofResources

Finance, spaces, Equipment and furniture, materials, staff, time and energy, procedures.

UNITH

5. Personnel Management-Definition, Development and policies.

Recruitment, selection and induction, Employee benefits, training and development, human relations, Trade Union Negotiation and settlement.

6. Cost and Management accounting

Definition and scope, costs and their control, management accounting, profit planning.

References

Boella, M.J. (1983): Personnel Management in Hotel and Catering Industry, 3rd Ed., Hutchinson, London.

Drucker, P.F. (1975): Management, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.

- Fearn, D.(1969): Management Systems for the Hotel Catering and Allied Industries, Hitchcock, M.J.(1980): Food Service Systems Administration. MacMillan, NewYork. Koontz, H., O. Donnel, C., Weihrich, H. (1983): Essentials of Management, Indianed.
- Kotas, R. (1972): Accounting in the Hotel and Catering industry, Intertext Books, 3rd ed. Butler and Tanner, London.

Moore, C.L. and Jaedicke, R.K.: Managerial Accounting, South Western Publishing Co.

Sethi, M. MAlhan, S. (1993): Catering Management: An integrated approach, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.

Terry, G.R. (1972): Principles of Management, 6th Ed. Irwin Dorsey Inter-national: London.

West, B.B., Wood, L., Revised by Hargar, V.F., Shugart, G.S., Payne -Palacio, J. (1989): Food Service in Institutions, 6th Ed., MacMillan Publishing Co., New York.

Doswell, R., Gamble, P.R. (1979): Marketing and planning hotels and tourism projects, Barrie and Jenkins, London.

10. Kahri, W.L.(1977): Advances Modern Food and Beverage service. Prentice Hall, New Jersey. Kinder, F., Green, N.R., Harris, N. (1984): Meal Management, 6th Ed., MacMillan, New York.

11. Kotschevar, L.H. (1975): Quantity food production, Cahners publishing, Massachusets.

12. Sethi, M., Malhan, S. (1993): Catering Management: an integrated approach, Wiley, Eatern. New Delhi.

13. Walley, B.H.(1980): Production Management Handbook, Gower Publishing, U.K.

14. Watson, O.B. (1968): School and Institutional Lunch room management, Parker; NewYork

Paper 18 INSTITUTIONAL FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5 Duration of Examination: 3 hrs Internal Assessment :10

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Content-

1. Kitchen Production and Service-Quantity food production project. Planning, Organization, Presentation and service of Meals for different occasions and age groups. Table setting and Service Techniques for different types of establishments.

Work Experience through visit in Hotel, Restaurant, Canteen, Nursery School, Hostel, Hospital, Orphanage or other social institution.

Paper 19 PUBLIC HEALTHAND EPIDEMIOLOGY

Hours/Week:5 Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50 Main Examptel 0

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives

This course should enable the students to -

- Understand the concept of health from the individual and community perspective.
- Know the importance of epidemiology and demography in health,
- Assess the health and nutritional status, and analyse the situation.
- Know the factors affecting health and nutritional status of individuals and community.

Content-

UNITI

Health and Dimensions of Health Positive health versus absence of disease.

2. Community and its Organization

Concept of community, types of community, factors affecting health of the community - environmental, social, cultural, dietary, organizational, economic, political. Vulnerable groups/ needs of special populations.

Public Health, Demography and Epidemiology

Demography and its applications. Epidemiology - study of the epidemiologic approach - time distribution, place, person. determinants of disease, preventive and social means.

UNITII

4. Communicable and Infectious disease Control

Nature of communicable and infectious diseases, infection, contamination, disinfections, decontamination, Transmission - direct and indirect, vector borne disease, epidemiology of infection, infecting organisms and causative agents

5. Community Water and Waste Management

Importance of water to the community, etiology and effects of toxic agents (metals, chemicals) Important water borne infectious diseases, safe drinking water, solid waste and liquid waste disposal.

UNITIII

6. Life Style and Community Health

Preventive aspects, public education and action for alcohol, cigarette smoking, AIDS, STD.

7. Immunization

Importance and schedule for children, Adults and for foreign travel, importance of cold chain.

References

- Smith, G.W. (1957): Preventive Medicine and Public Health. 2nd edition, Macmillan Co., New York.
- 2 Park, K. (1994): Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social medicine, 9th edition, M/s BanarasidasBhanot. Jabalpur.
- Cassens, B. (1990): Preventive Medicine and Public Health, Wiley Medical Publication, John Wiley and Sons
- 4. Asten, G. Tiffney, J. (1981): Guide to improving food Hygiene. North World, London.
- 5. Saha, A., Shattock, F., Moustafa, T. (1989): Epidemiology in Primary Health Care, Interprint.
- Mittal, S.K., Kukreja, S. (1983): Immunisation in Practice. Indian Academy of Pediatrics.
- Beaglehole, R., Bonita, R., Kjellstrom, T. (1993): Basic epidemiology. World Health Organisation, Geneva.
- Clark, J., Henderson, J. (1983): Community Health. Churchill Livingstone.

Paper 20 FOOD PROCESSINGAND TECHNOLOGY

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Main Exam:40

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs Internal Assessment: 10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives-

This course should enable students to-

- Know the importance of food processing and the various methods used.
- 2 Understand the basic principles and other procedures used in food processing and preservation as well as storage of various food stuffs.
- Be familiar with the technological developments in the field.

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Content-

UNITI

- Foods and their nutritional importance-Cereals, pulses and legumes, nuts and oil seeds, fruits, vegetables, milk, meat, poultry, fish.
- Food and its preservation —
 In relation to the composition of foods, needs and benefits of food processing and technology for food preservation.
- Fresh food storage Principles plant product storage, animal product storage, storage of grains. Effect of storage conditions on quality.
- 4. Methods of processing cereals and pulsesProducts such as parboiled rice, rice flakes, puffed rice, chana etc.
 UNITH
- 5. Use of heat for food processing and preservation-
- a) Canning principles and methodology, influence of canning on food quality.
- b) Pasteurization and applications- effect on food quality, UHT methodology and applications.

 6. Diving and dehydration
 - Drying and dehydrationTypes of foods- traditional and new food products, home, community and commercial operations. Methods used and effect on food quality. Solar driers-applications and potential for community. Storage and deterioration of dehydrated food products.
- 7. Use of low temperaturesRefrigeration and freezing -methods, principles and applications. Preparation of foods for freezing. Problems with freezing (nutritional and textural) and thawing of bulk foods. Shelf life of frozen foods.
- 8. Food irradiation- technology and application.
- 9. Use of chemical preservatives.

UNITII

- 10. Pickling, curing and fermentationsPickles, chutneys, ketchups, sauces. Principles and methods used for various products. Fermentation types, products and methods used. Home and commercial operations.
- Manufacture of fruit juices, squashes, fruit syrups, cordials-High acid and high sugar products- common defects. Preservation of crystallized and glazed fruits.
 - 12. Nutritional implications of food processing-Causes for loss of vitamins and minerals. Enrichment, restoration and Fortification.

References-

Salunkhe. D.K. (1947): Storage, processing and nutritional quality of fruits and vegetables, CRC Press. Ohio. Encyclopaedia of Food Technology, AVI Publication.

GirdhariLal (1967): Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables, ICAR, New Delhi. Desrosier, N.W., and Desrosier, J.N. (1977): The Technology of Food Preservation, AVI Publication Co. Connecticut.

Joslyn, M.A. and Heid, J.L. (1964): Food Processing Operations, their management, machines, materials and methods, AVI Publishing Co. Connecticut,

SEMESTER VI

Paper 21

NUTRITION AND HEALTH COMMUNICATION

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives

This course should enable the students to

- Underst and thought diffusion processes of the individual and the community.
- Know effective communication techniques/methods.
- Be able to plan and develop health/nutrition education, communication messages and strategies.
- Be able to communicate on various issues related to health and nutritional status of individuals and the community.

Content

UNITI

- Objectives, principles and scope of nutrition and health education and promotion.
- 2. The diffusion process limitation and utility.
- Two step rate of diffusion and exposure. Models at communication Behaviouristic and cognitive theories.
- 3. Communication media used/useful in nutrition and Health education-
- Role and relative importance of spoken word, interpersonal communication, visual and audio visual aids. Mass media-print media, radio and recording, television, films, video, advertising, social marketing, folk media, satellite, multimedia.

UNITII

Attitudes and opinions Attitude change and principles of congruity, communication, public

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- opinion and propaganda. Role of opinion leaders.
- Determinants of communication effectiveness Age,sex,power/status,educational levels of source and receiver, credibility, group norms, referent value, affiliation
- Teaching methods formal and non formal-Individual, group and mass approach. Expository, discovery. participatory, evaluative simulation Games, Brain storming. Selection, use, advantages and limitations...

UNITH

- 10. Development in India-rural and Urban
 - a. Philosophy, strategies, achievements and problems various Governmental and Non-Governmental schemes.
 - b. Concept of rural communication, relationship with development and development support communication.
 - c. Acceptability and credibility of communication in rural and urban environment.
- 11. a. Role of opinion builders and opinion leaders. Barriers and accelerators in effective communication with reference to different communication media. selection, use, advantage and limitations.
 - b. Communication and Social Development
 - c. Education, health, Nutrition, Hygiene, Family planning, environment.

References

WillburSchramm(1953): Process and Effects of Mass Community-Urbana, University of Illinois Press.

Lee Richardson (1962):Dimension of Communication-Appleton Century Crofts, New York.

Kenneth, K,. Anderson (1972): Introduction to Communication Theory and Practice, Cummings Pub.CO., Menlo Park, Philippines.

Eapen, K.E.: The media and development.

Rao, Y.V.L:Communication and Development.

Barry W.Collins (1970): Social Psychology, social Influence, Attitude Change, Group Pressures and Prejudices. Addison Wesley, Reading.

Dunn, S. W., Barban, A.M. (1978): Advertising, it's Role in Modern Marketing,

Joshi, P.C. (1992): Culture, Communication and Social Change.

Shah.A.andJoshi,U.(1992):puppetry and Folk Dances for Non-formal

Dahama, O.P. and Bhatnagar, O.P. (1991): Education and Communication for Development, Oxford and I.B.H.PublishingCO.Pvt.Ltd.

Agee, W., Ault, P., Emery, E.: Introduction to Mass Communications, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.

Allgood, M.B. (1995): Demonstration Techniques, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

Mayor, M(Ed).(1981): Health Education by Television and Radio

World Health Organization (1987): Health Promotion-Concept and Principles in Action, policy Framework, WHO Regional Office for Europe, Copenhagen. Sutherland, I.(Ed) (1987): Health Education Perspectives and Choices. (2nd WD).George, Allen and Unwin, London.

Leathas, D.S., Hastings, G.B., Davies, J.K. (1986): Health Education and the Media, Pergammon, London.

Israel, R.C. (Ed) (1984): Using Communications to solve Nutrition Problems, Education Development Centre, Newton, Massachusetts.

Nutrition Education Series-UNESCO, Paris.

Manoff, R.K.(1985): Social Marketing, New Imperatives for Public Health, Praeger, New York.

Paper 21 **NUTRITIONAND HEALTH COMMUNICATION** PRACTICALS

Hours/Week;5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Objectives

This course should enable the students to -

- 1.Develop insight into planning and organization of Nutrition and health education.
- Develop ability to give nutrition and health education to specific target groups. Be able to select appropriate communication media and strategies which are situation specific, need based and target group oriented.

Content:

1. Use of visual media

Development of charts and posters for health and nutrition communication, flash cards and flip charts.

- 2. Demonstration as technique of communication
- 3. Use of other methods

Street play, role play, puppet show in nutrition and health communication.

4. Use of print media

Development of leaflets/booklets, Newspaper/magazine articles.

5. Use of media in social marketing

Campaign planning ,writing of appropriate message, use of appropriate media, writing and production of jingles.

6. Training of grass root level workers

Identifying issue/area which requires interventions using participatory training. Setting learner objectives, teaching objectives. Developing a training Module, conducting the training, evaluating the training.

Paper 22 FOOD QUALITY CONTROL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

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Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives

This course will enable the student to-

- Know the importance of cost control and quality control.
- Be familiar with costing and pricing of recipes.
- Be familiar with cost reporting systems.
- Be aware of the Government regulations and Standards of food quality.
- Be familiar with the testing of various quality parameters. Content

UNITI

- Importance of costing and cost control, methods of costing Methodology in Catering business, emphasis on batch costing.
- Cost classification into materials, labour and overheads and their Percentage analysis on net sales for clear understanding of their relative Importance.
- Material costing, use of standardised recipes, materials cost control Through basic operating activities like purchasing, receiving, storage, issuing, Production, sales and accounting; yield analysis from time to time.

UNITI

- Control of labour costs and overheads, periodical Percentage analysis, calculation of overhead allocation rates.
- Cost behaviour into variables, fixed and semi variable- its Impact on Unit cost.
- Cost reporting system- daily, monthly and for special managerial 6: Decisions.

UNITIII

- Break-even analysis with simple workouts, 7:
- Introduction to variance analysis- meaning and uses-price and 8: quantity variances.
- Introduction to Quality Control, Evaluation and Assurance. 9:
- Samples, Inspection Sampling and Interpretation of data. 10: References

Bhar, B.K. (1977): Cost Accounting, Academic publishers, Calcutta.

Matz, A., Curry,O. and Frank, G.W. (1970): Cost Accounting, Taraporewala Sons & Co. Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.

Prasad, N.K. (1979): Principles and Practice of Cost Accounting, Book Syndicate⁵ Pvt. Ltd., Cal;cutta.

Keister, D.C. (1977): Food and Beverage Control, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey. Coltman, M.M. (1977): Food and Beverage cost control, prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey.

Kotas, R., An approach to food costing, Berrie and Rockliff Ltd. London. Boardmen, R.F.: Hotel and catering costing and budgets, Heinemenn, London. Paige, G.(1979): Catering costs & control. Cassell, London.

Paper 22 FOOD QUALITY CONTROL PRACTICAL

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Content-

- Cost Control-n Developing IEC Procedures for materials-
- Purchasing, receiving, storing, issuing. Developing IEC procedures for food and beverage department.
- Developing IEC procedure for front office. Developing IEC procedure for housekeeping.
- Quality Control-Analysis and detection of adulterants in foods.
- Oils, Fats (Chemical and microbiological estimations.) Butter and Ghee. Cereal grains, flours and cereal products. Milk and milk products. Icecream, Cakes and Biscuits. Confectionery. Spices.
- Detection of Food Additives- preservatives, Colours, Antioxidants, Pesticides, Flavours.

Paper 23

DIETETIC TECHNIQUES AND PATIENT COUNSELLING

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50 Main Exam:40

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Internal Assessment:10 Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least 1 question from each unit. (Each question is of 1 mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives:

This course should enable students to-

- 1. Critically appraise, plan and organize/supervise preparation and service of different kinds of therapeutic diets in hospital dietary service.
- Develop skills for patient counselling.

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Interact effectively with patients and their families and to give dietary advice in the context of patients' socio-cultural and economic milieu.

Content:

UNITI

- Dieticians as part of the medical team and outreach services.
- Medical history assessment- Techniques of obtaining relevant information for patient profiles.

UNITI

- Dietary diagnosis and test for nutritional status- Correlating clinical dietary information.
- Patient education and counselling-Assessment of patient needs, establishing rapport, counselling relationship, resources and aids to counselling.

UNITH

- Aesthetic attributes of diet.
- Follow up visits and pattent's education.

References

- ARA Health Care Nutrition Services Nutrition Counsellor: Strategies for results, controlling the pace of counselling (1988), Philadelphia ARA services.
- Raab, C. and Tiloston, J. (eds) (1983): Heart to Heart-Amanual on Nutrition counselling for the reduction of cardiovascular disease risk factors, U.S. Govt. Printing Office- Washington DC.
- Journal of American Dietetics Association.

Paper 24 **ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT**

Hours/Week:5

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Examination: 3 hrs

Main Exam:40

Internal Assessment:10

Note: Examiner is required to set the question paper of 40 marks only. Each question paper is divided into three parts Part-A, Part B and Part C.

Part A: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 8 questions (20 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of I mark).

Part B: (8 marks) is compulsory and contains 4 questions (50 words each) at least I question from each unit. (Each question is of 2 marks).

Part C: (24 marks) is compulsory and contains 6 questions (400 words each) candidate is required to attempt 3 questions one from each unit. (Each question is of 8 marks).

Objectives

This course should enable students to-

- 1. Develop entrepreneurship skills.
- 2. Analyze the environment related to small scale industry and business.
- Understand the process and procedure of setting up small enterprises.
- 4. Develop management skills for entrepreneurship development.

Content:

UNITI

1. Entrepreneurship

- Definitions, need, scope and characteristics of entrepreneurship, entrepreneurship development and employment promotion.
- Identification of opportunity.

2. Business environment for the entrepreneur

Government of Indian policy towards promotion of entrepreneurship.
 Exposure to demand based, resource based, service based, import substitute and export promotion industries.

3. Need, Scope and approaches for project formulation.

- Market survey techniques, criteria for principles of product selection and development, choice of technology.
- Major steps involved in setting up a small scale unit project identification, project formulation, resources mobilisation.

Institutions, financing procedure and financial incentives.

 Financial ratios and their significance. Books of accounts, financial statement, funds flow analysis.

UNITII

4. Techno-economic feasibility of the project

- 5. Critical path method, Project Evaluation, Review Techniques- As planning tools for establishing SSI.
- 6. Plan layout & process planning for the product establishing the unit.
 UNIT III
- 7. Creativity and innovation problem solving, personnel management, salaries, wages and incentives, performance appraisal, Quality Control.

8. Marketing and Sales Management

 Marketing strategy, packaging, advertising, label intervention, pricing, after sales services.

9. Legislations

 Licensing, registration, Municipal laws, business ethics, income tax, labour law application. Consumer complaint redressal.

References

- Deshpande, M.V. (1984): Entrepreneurship of small scale industries, concept, Growth and Management, Deep and Deep Publication, D-1/24, R-Garden, New Delhi.
- 2 Meredith, GG, Nelson, Re et al. (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO Geneva
- 3. Parekli, U and Rao, T.V. (1978): Personal Efficacy in Developing Entrepreneurship, Learning System, New Delhi.

4. Rao, T.V. & Parekh, L.U. (1982): Developing Entrepreneurship, A Handbook, Learning Systems, New Delhi.

5. Entrepreneurship Development (1982): Institute of India. A Handbook for new Entrepreneurs, Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India.

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